

BIFACIAL DOUBLE GLASS MODULE WITH EXCELLENT RELIABILITY AND ADDITIONAL YIELD







# **BIFACIAL ENERGY YIELD GAIN OF UP TO 20%**

Bifacial Q.ANTUM solar cells make efficient use of light shining on the module rear-side for radically improved LCOE.



## LOW ELECTRICITY GENERATION COSTS

Q.ANTUM DUO combines cutting edge cell separation and innovative wiring with Q.ANTUM Technology for higher yield per surface area, lower BOS costs, higher power classes, and an efficiency rate of up to 19.8%.



# INNOVATIVE ALL-WEATHER TECHNOLOGY

Optimal yields, whatever the weather with excellent low-light and temperature behavior.



### **ENDURING HIGH PERFORMANCE**

Long-term yield security with Anti LID and Anti PID Technology¹, Hot-Spot Protect and Traceable Quality Tra.Q™.



# FRAME FOR VERSATILE MOUNTING OPTIONS

High-tech aluminum alloy frame protects from damage, enables use of a wide range of mounting structures and is certified regarding IEC for high snow (5400 Pa) and wind loads (3000 Pa).



# A RELIABLE INVESTMENT

Double glass module design enables extended lifetime with 12-year product warranty and improved 30-year performance warranty<sup>2</sup>.





Rooftop arrays on commercial/industrial buildings



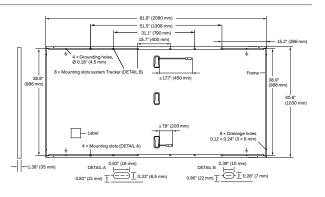
Ground-mounted solar power plants

- $^{\rm 1}$  APT test conditions according to IEC/TS 62804-1:2015 method B (–1500 V, 168h) including post treatment according to IEC 61215-1-1 Ed. 2.0 (CD)
- <sup>2</sup> See data sheet on rear for further information



# Specifications subject to technical changes © Q CELLS Q.PEAK DUO L-G6.3 BFG\_405-420\_2020-10\_Rev01\_NA

Format	$81.9\text{in}\times40.5\text{in}\times1.37\text{in}$ (including frame) (2080 mm $\times$ 1030 mm $\times$ 35 mm)
Weight	62.8 lbs (28.5 kg)
Front Cover	0.07 in (2mm) thermally pre-stressed glass with anti-reflection technology
Back Cover	0.07 in (2 mm) semi-tempered glass
Frame	Anodized aluminum
Cell	6 × 24 monocrystalline Q.ANTUM solar half cells
Junction Box	$3.42$ - $3.94$ in $\times$ $1.26$ - $1.51$ in $\times$ $0.73$ in (87-100.3 mm $\times$ $32$ - $38.5$ mm $\times$ $18.7$ mm), IP67, with bypass diodes
Cable	4 mm² Solar cable; (+) ≥17.7 in (450 mm), (-) ≥7.87 in (200 mm)
Connector	Stäubli MC4-Evo2, Hanwha Q CELLS HQC4, Amphenol UTX, Renhe 05-8, JMTHY JM601A, Tongling Cable01S-F; IP68 or Friends PV2e; IP67



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

PO	WER CLASS			405		410		415		420	
MIN	MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS, STC1 AND BSTC1 (POWER TOLERANCE +5 W / -0 W)										
					BSTC*		BSTC*		BSTC*		BSTC*
	Power at MPP <sup>1</sup>	P <sub>MPP</sub>	[W]	405	443.0	410	448.5	415	453.9	420	459.4
_	Short Circuit Current <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>sc</sub>	[A]	10.65	11.66	10.70	11.71	10.74	11.76	10.79	11.81
mun	Open Circuit Voltage <sup>1</sup>	Voc	[V]	48.14	48.31	48.39	48.56	48.63	48.81	48.88	49.05
Mini	Current at MPP	I <sub>MPP</sub>	[A]	10.14	11.09	10.18	11.14	10.23	11.19	10.27	11.24
	Voltage at MPP	$V_{MPP}$	[V]	39.95	39.94	40.27	40.26	40.58	40.57	40.89	40.88
	Efficiency <sup>1</sup>	η	[%]	≥18.9	≥20.7	≥19.1	≥20.9	≥19.4	≥21.2	≥19.6	≥21.4

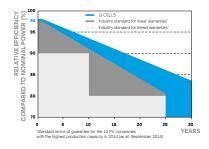
Bifaciality of P<sub>MPP</sub> and I<sub>SC</sub> 70% ±5% • Bifaciality given for rear side irradiation on top of STC (front side) • According to IEC 60904-1-2

### MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS, NMOT<sup>2</sup>

Minimum	Power at MPP	P <sub>MPP</sub>	[W]	303.3	307.0	310.8	314.5	
	Short Circuit Current	I <sub>sc</sub>	[A]	8.58	8.62	8.65	8.69	
	Open Circuit Voltage	V <sub>oc</sub>	[V]	45.39	45.62	45.86	46.09	
	Current at MPP	I <sub>MPP</sub>	[A]	7.98	8.01	8.05	8.09	
	Voltage at MPP	V <sub>MPP</sub>	[V]	38.01	38.31	38.61	38.90	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>800 W/m<sup>2</sup>, NMOT, spectrum AM 1.5

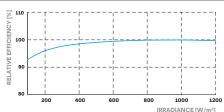
# Q CELLS PERFORMANCE WARRANTY



At least 98% of nominal power during first year. Thereafter max. 0.5% degradation per year. At least 93.5% of nominal power up to 10 years. At least 83.5% of nominal power up to 30 years.

All data within measurement tolerances. Full warranties in accordance with the warranty terms of the Q CELLS sales organisation of your respective country.

# PERFORMANCE AT LOW IRRADIANCE



Typical module performance under low irradiance conditions in comparison to STC conditions (25 °C, 1000 W/m²)

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS									
Temperature Coefficient of I <sub>SC</sub>	α	[%/K]	+0.04	Temperature Coefficient of Voc	β	[%/K]	-0.27		
Temperature Coefficient of P <sub>MPP</sub>	γ	[%/K]	-0.35	Nominal Module Operating Temperature	NMOT	[°F]	108±5.4 (42±3°C)		

# PROPERTIES FOR SYSTEM DESIGN

Maximum	n System Voltage V <sub>SYS</sub>	[V]	1500 (IEC)/1500 (UL)	PV module classification	Class II
Maximum	n Series Fuse Rating	[A DC]	20	Fire Rating based on ANSI/UL 61730	TYPE 29 <sup>4</sup>
Max. Des	sign Load, Push / Pull <sup>3</sup>	[lbs/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	75 (3600 Pa) / 42 (2000 Pa)	Permitted Module Temperature	-40°F up to +185°F
Max. Tes	t Load, Push / Pull³	[lbs/ft <sup>2</sup> ]	113 (5400 Pa) / 63 (3000 Pa)	on Continuous Duty	(-40°C up to +85°C)
3 See Instal	llation Manual			<sup>4</sup> New Type is similar to Type 3 but with metallic frame	

# **QUALIFICATIONS AND CERTIFICATES**

# PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UL 61730, CE-compliant, IEC 61215:2016, IEC 61730:2016, U.S. Patent No. 9.893.215









packaging



2130mm 1080mm 1196mm





867.4 kg



pallets



pallets



modules

Note: Installation instructions must be followed. See the installation and operating manual or contact our technical service department for further information on approved installation and use of this product.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>perp}\text{Measurement tolerances P}_{\text{MPP}} \pm 3 \%; I_{\text{SC}}, V_{\text{OC}} \pm 5 \% \text{ at STC} : 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ ^{\star}\text{at BSTC} : 1000 \text{ W/m}^2 + \phi \times 135 \text{ W/m}^2, \\ \phi = 70\% \pm 5\%, 25 \pm 2 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ ^{\star}\text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2; \\ \text{AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 } = 1000 \text{ W/m}^2;$